

# AMI INSPECTOR Pharmacon

## Operator's Manual



SWISS  MADE



AMI INSPECTOR Pharmacon



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## Document Status

<b>Title:</b>	AMI INSPECTOR Pharmacon Operator's Manual	
<b>ID:</b>	A-96.250.681	
<b>Revision</b>	<b>Issue</b>	
00	Sept. 2011	First Edition
01	August 2014	Update to FW 5.30, new mainboard V2.40
02	January 2016	AMI Inspector Version 2-A (with AMIAKKU main-board) and Firmware version 6.00

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## Operator's Manual

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This document describes the main steps for instrument setup, operation and maintenance.

### 1. Safety Instructions

<b>General</b>	<p>The instructions included in this section explain the potential risks associated with instrument operation and provide important safety practices designed to minimize these risks.</p> <p>If you carefully follow the information contained in this section, you can protect yourself from hazards and create a safer work environment.</p> <p>More safety instructions are given throughout this manual, at the respective locations where observation is most important. Strictly follow all safety instructions in this publication.</p>
<b>Target audience</b>	<p>Operator: Qualified person who uses the equipment for its intended purpose.</p> <p>Instrument operation requires thorough knowledge of applications, instrument functions and software program as well as all applicable safety rules and regulations.</p>
<b>OM Location</b>	<p>Keep the AMI Operator's Manual in proximity of the instrument.</p>
<b>Qualification, Training</b>	<p>To be qualified for instrument installation and operation, you must:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>♦ read and understand the instructions in this manual as well as the Material Safety Data Sheets.</li><li>♦ know the relevant safety rules and regulations.</li></ul>

1.1. Warning Notices

The symbols used for safety-related notices have the following meaning:



**DANGER**

Your life or physical wellbeing are in serious danger if such warnings are ignored.

- ♦ Follow the prevention instructions carefully.



**WARNING**

Severe injuries or damage to the equipment can occur if such warnings are ignored.

- ♦ Follow the prevention instructions carefully.



**CAUTION**

Damage to the equipment, minor injury, malfunctions or incorrect process values can be the consequence if such warnings are ignored.

- ♦ Follow the prevention instructions carefully.

**Mandatory Signs**

The mandatory signs in this manual have the following meaning:



Safety goggles



Safety gloves

**Warning Signs**    The warning signs in this manual have the following meaning:



Electrical shock hazard



Corrosive



Harmful to health



Flammable



Warning general



Attention general



## 1.2. General Safety Regulations

### Legal Requirements

The user is responsible for proper system operation. All precautions must be followed to ensure safe operation of the instrument.

### Spare Parts and Disposables

Use only official SWAN spare parts and disposables. If other parts are used during the normal warranty period, the manufacturer's warranty is voided.

### Modifications

Modifications and instrument upgrades shall only be carried out by an authorized Service Technician. SWAN will not accept responsibility for any claim resulting from unauthorized modification or alteration.

### WARNING

#### Electrical Shock Hazard



If proper operation is no longer possible, the instrument must be disconnected from all power lines, and measures must be taken to prevent inadvertent operation.

- ♦ To prevent from electrical shock, always make sure that the ground wire is connected.
- ♦ Service shall be performed by authorized personnel only.
- ♦ Whenever electronic service is required, disconnect instrument power and power of devices connected to.
  - relay 1,
  - relay 2,
  - alarm relay

### WARNING



For safe instrument installation and operation you must read and understand the instructions in this manual.

### WARNING



Only SWAN trained and authorized personnel shall perform the tasks described in this document.



## 2. Product Description

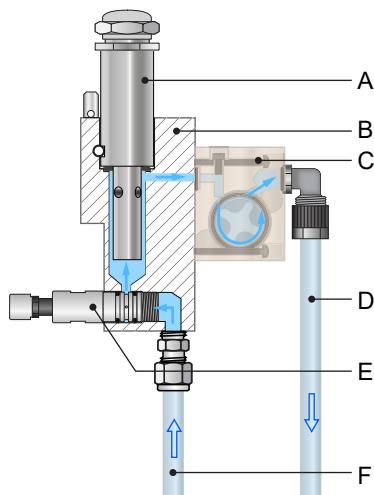
### 2.1. Description of the System

The portable AMI INSPECTOR is a complete monitoring system mounted on a small panel with supporting stand and a rechargeable battery for stand-alone operation (>24h), designed as an inspection equipment for quality assurance of online process monitors.

<b>Features</b>	<p>General features of AMI INSPECTORs are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>♦ Battery life after full charge:<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>– &gt;24 h at full load (use of 3 relays, USB, signal output, logger)</li><li>– &gt;36 h at minimum load (use of logger only)</li></ul></li><li>♦ Charging time: approx. 6 hours</li><li>♦ Controlled shut-down if battery is empty.</li><li>♦ Display of remaining battery life in hours.</li><li>♦ For longer battery life the back light of the LC Display is disabled.</li><li>♦ Continuous operation using power adapter. The battery should be discharged at least once a month (normal usage until the monitor automatically shuts down).</li></ul>
<b>Battery</b>	<p>The Li-Ion battery is located in the housing of the AMI transmitter. See chapter <a href="#">Power Supply, p. 19</a> regarding power supply and charging of the battery.</p>
<b>USB interface</b>	<p>Built-in USB interface for logger download. Use the USB stick supplied by Swan only (other USB sticks can dramatically reduce battery life).</p>
<b>Signal output</b>	<p>One signal output programmable for measured values (freely scalable, linear or bilinear) or as continuous control output (control parameters programmable).</p> <p>Current loop: 0/4–20 mA</p> <p>Maximal burden: 510 Ω</p>
<b>Relays</b>	<p>Two potential-free contacts programmable as limit switches for measuring values, controllers or timer for system cleaning with automatic hold function.</p> <p>Maximum load: 100 mA/50 V</p>

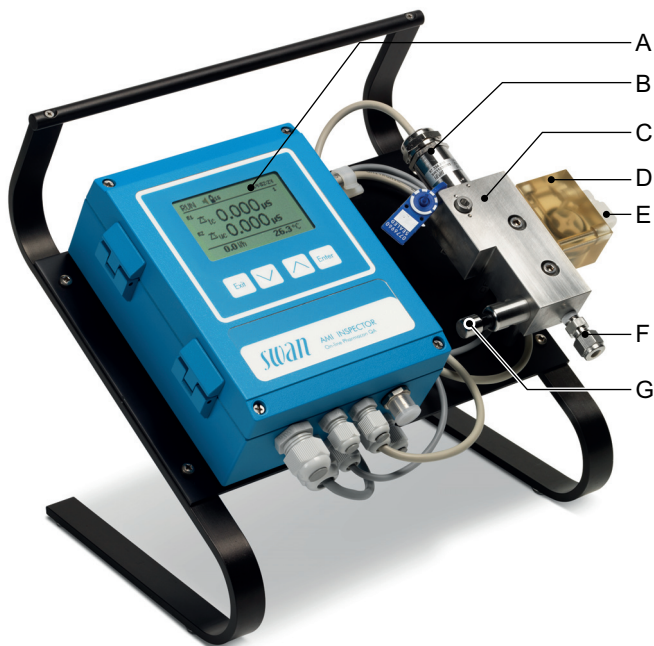
<b>Alarm relay</b>	<p>One potential free contact.</p> <p>Alternatively:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>♦ Open during normal operation, closed on error and loss of power.</li><li>♦ Closed during normal operation, open on error and loss of power.</li></ul> <p>Summary alarm indication for programmable alarm values and instrument faults.</p>
<b>Input</b>	<p>For potential-free contact to freeze the measuring value or to interrupt control in automated installations (hold function or remote-off)</p>
<b>Safety features</b>	<p>No data loss after power failure, all data is saved in non-volatile memory. Over voltage protection of in- and outputs.</p> <p>Galvanic separation of measuring inputs and signal outputs.</p>
<b>Sensor</b>	<p>Swansensor UP-Con 1000 high precision two-wire electrode made of stainless steel with integrated Pt1000 temperature probe.</p>
<b>Measuring principle</b>	<p>The conductivity of high purity water is determined with a sensor consisting of two metal electrodes. The characteristics of each sensor is expressed as cell constant. An alternating voltage (to minimize polarization effects) is applied to two electrodes. Depending on the concentration of ions in the sample, a signal results between the electrodes which is proportional to the conductivity of the water. The measuring result is indicated as conductivity.</p>
<b>Standard temperature</b>	<p>The displayed conductivity value is compensated to 25 °C standard temperature.</p>

**Fluidics** The flow cell QV-Flow UP-Con SL HT consists of the flow cell block [B], the flow sensor [C] and the flow regulating valve [E]. The Swansensor UP-Con 1000 SL [A] with integrated temperature sensor is mounted into the flow cell block [B]. The sample enters at the sample inlet [F]. It flows through the flow regulating valve [E], where the flow rate can be adjusted. Then the sample flows through the flow cell block where the conductivity of the sample is measured. The sample leaves the flow cell block via flow meter through the sample outlet [D].



- |                                    |                                |
|------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| <b>A</b> Swansensor UP-Con 1000 SL | <b>D</b> Sample outlet         |
| <b>B</b> Flow cell block           | <b>E</b> Flow regulating valve |
| <b>C</b> Flow sensor               | <b>F</b> Sample inlet          |

## 2.2. Instrument Overview



- A** AMI Transmitter
- B** Swansensor Up-Con 1000 SL
- C** Flow cell QV-Flow UP-Con-SL HT
- D** Flow meter
- E** Sample outlet
- F** Sample inlet
- G** Flow regulating valve

## 2.3. Technical Data

<b>Power Supply</b>	Battery	
	Use original, supplied power adapter only.	
	Voltage:	80–264 VAC, 50/60 Hz
	Power consumption:	max. 18 VA
	Charging time:	6h
	Battery type:	Li-Ion
	During charging protect from heat impact and keep splash-proof (not IP66).	
<b>Operating time</b>	Stand-alone (Battery):	>24 h
	Connected adapter:	continuous
	Controlled shut-down when battery is empty, remaining time is displayed.	
<b>Electronics housing</b>	Aluminum with a protection degree of IP 66 / NEMA 4X	
	Ambient temperature:	-10 to +50 °C
	Humidity:	10–90% rel., non condensing
	Display:	backlit LCD, 75 x 45 mm
<b>Sample requirements</b>	Flow rate:	3–20 l/h
	Temperature:	up to 95 °C
	Inlet pressure:	up to 2 bar
	Outlet pressure:	pressure free
<b>On-site requirements</b>	The analyzer site must permit connections to:	
	Sample inlet:	Swagelok fitting with R $\frac{1}{8}$ " (ISO 7-1) thread for tube with $\frac{1}{4}$ " outer diameter
	Sample outlet:	6 mm Serto tube adapter (PVDF)
<b>Measuring range</b>	Range:	Resolution:
	0.055 to 0.999 $\mu$ S/cm	0.001 $\mu$ S/cm
	1.00 to 9.99 $\mu$ S/cm	0.01 $\mu$ S/cm
	10.0 to 199.9 $\mu$ S/cm	0.1 $\mu$ S/cm
	200 to 2000 $\mu$ S/cm	1 $\mu$ S/cm
	Automatic range switching.	
<b>System accuracy</b>	0.05 to 500 $\mu$ S/cm	$\pm 2\%$
	500 to 2000 $\mu$ S/cm	$\pm 3\%$
	or $\pm 0.001 \mu$ S/cm whichever is greater.	

<b>Swansensor</b> <b>UP-CON1000</b> <b>SL</b>	Two-electrode conductivity sensor for online measurement of ultra-pure water.		
	Cell constant:	0.04 cm <sup>-1</sup>	
	Temperature sensor:	Pt1000 (Class A, DIN EN 60751)	

## 3. Installation

### 3.1. Installation Checklist

<b>Check</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>♦ Instrument's specification must conform to your AC power ratings. See <a href="#">External power adapter</a>, p. 20.</li> <li>♦ Check if the battery is fully charged.</li> </ul>
<b>Site requirements</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>♦ Sample line with sufficient flow and pressure, see <a href="#">Sample requirements</a>, p. 13.</li> </ul>
<b>Installation</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>♦ Connect the sample and waste line.</li> <li>♦ The sensor is already installed.</li> </ul>
<b>Electrical connections</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>♦ Connect all external devices like limit switches and current loops, see <a href="#">Connection Diagram</a>, p. 18.</li> </ul>
<b>Power-up</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>♦ Turn on sample flow.</li> <li>♦ Switch on power.</li> <li>♦ Adjust the sample flow to 10 l/h.</li> </ul>
<b>Instrument Setup</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>♦ Program all sensor specific parameters (cell constant, temp. correction, cable length).</li> <li>♦ Program all parameters for external devices (interface, recorders, etc.).</li> <li>♦ Program all parameters for instrument operation limits, alarms).</li> </ul>
<b>Run-in period</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>♦ Let the instrument run continuously for 1 h.</li> </ul> <p><b>Note:</b> <i>If the conductivity value of the sample is very low, the sensor might need some time until the correct reading is displayed.</i></p>

## 3.2. Connecting Sample Inlet and Outlet

### 3.2.1 Swagelok Fitting Stainless Steel at Sample Inlet

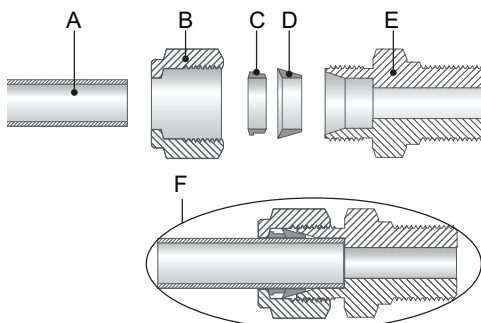
#### Preparation

Cut the tube to length and deburr it. The tube must be straight and free from blemishes for approximately 1,5 x tube diameter from the end.

Lubrication with lubricating oil, MoS<sub>2</sub>, Teflon etc. is recommended for the assembly and reassembly of bigger sized unions (thread, compression cone).

#### Installation

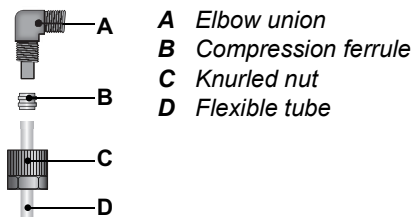
- 1 Insert the compression ferrule [C] and the compression cone [D] into the union nut [B].
- 2 Screw on the union nut onto the body, do not tighten it.
- 3 Push the stainless steel pipe through the union nut as far as it reaches the stop of the body
- 4 Tighten down the union nut 1¼ rotation using an open ended spanner. Hold Body from turning with a second wrench.



- A** Tube  
**B** Union nut  
**C** Compression ferrule  
**D** Compression cone  
**E** Body  
**F** Tightened connection

### 3.2.2 Sample Outlet

Connect the 6x4 mm FEP tube to the serto elbow union and insert it into a pressure free drain of sufficient capacity.



- A** Elbow union  
**B** Compression ferrule  
**C** Knurled nut  
**D** Flexible tube



### 3.3. Electrical Connections

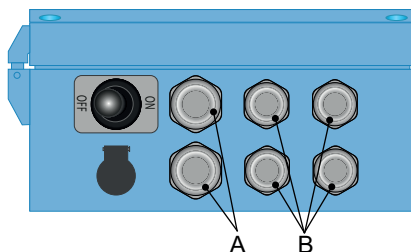


#### WARNING

Always turn off DC power before manipulating electric parts.  
Make sure the power specification of the instrument corresponds to the power on site.

#### Cable thicknesses

In order to comply with IP66, use the following cable thicknesses



- A** PG 9 cable gland: cable  $\varnothing_{outer}$  4–8 mm  
**B** PG 7 cable gland: cable  $\varnothing_{outer}$  3–6.5 mm

**Note:** Protect unused cable glands

#### Wire

- ♦ For relays: Use max. 1.5 mm<sup>2</sup> / AWG 14 stranded wire with end sleeves.
- ♦ For signal outputs and input: Use 0.25 mm<sup>2</sup> / AWG 23 stranded wire with end sleeves.



#### WARNING

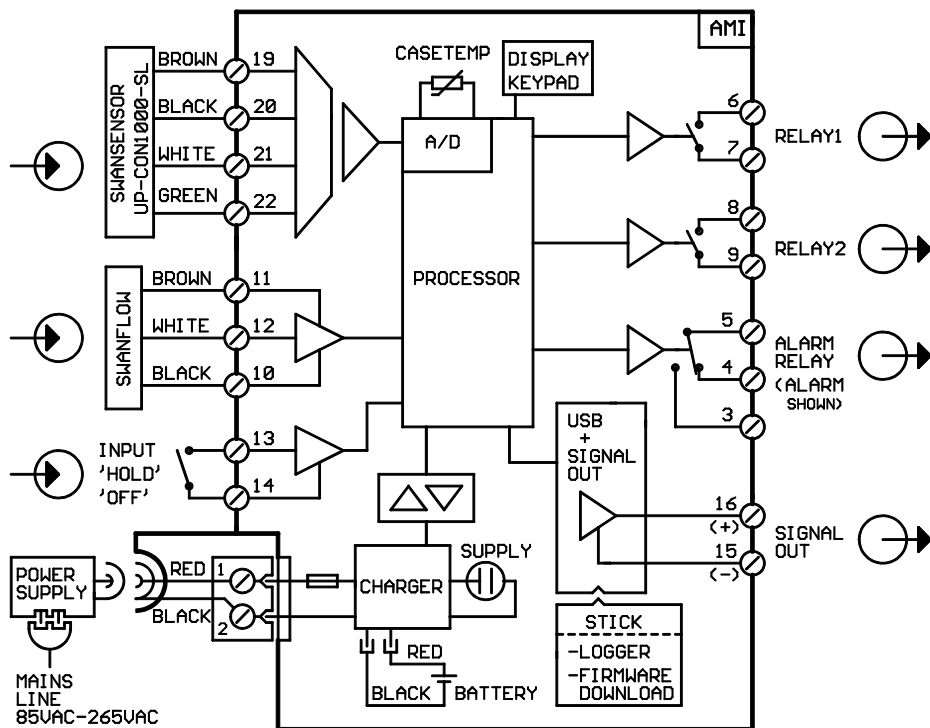
##### External voltage

Externally supplied devices connected to relay 1 or 2 or to the alarm relay can cause electrical shocks.

- ♦ Make sure that the devices connected to the following contacts are disconnected from the power before continuing the installation.
  - relay 1
  - relay 2
  - alarm relay



### 3.4. Connection Diagram



#### CAUTION

Use only the terminals shown in this diagram, and only for the mentioned purpose. Use of any other terminals will cause short circuits with possible corresponding consequences to material and personnel.

### 3.4.1 Power Supply



#### **WARNING**

Do not provide power directly to the transmitter as this will destroy the motherboard. All AMI INSPECTOR transmitters are supplied with power by battery only.

#### **Charging**

Use the original supplied power adapter to charge AMI INSPECTOR only. Charging time: approx 6h.  
Fully charged a stand-alone operating time of at least 24h is guaranteed:

- ♦ >24h at full load (use of 3 relays, USB, signal output, logger)
- ♦ >36h at minimal load (use of logger only)

In case that the battery is discharged completely the firmware will automatically shut down.

#### **Switch Power ON - OFF**

Switch the instrument ON or OFF using the toggle switch on the transmitter.

#### **Continuous operation**

For continuous operation use the power adapter as well.



#### **CAUTION**

- ♦ If the AMI powers ON and then immediately shuts OFF, the battery is empty. Do not hold the toggle switch in ON position, as this can damage the battery.



#### **CAUTION**

- ♦ During charging protect from heat impact and keep splash-proof (plug of power adapter is not IP66).
- ♦ Do not supply external devices, e.g. pumps, magnetic valves or any other current consumers with AMI INSPECTOR.



#### **CAUTION**

- ♦ Use the original supplied power adapter to charge AMI INSPECTOR only. Use of any other power adapter can damage the battery or cause malfunction.



### External power adapter

- ♦ Universal input range 80 - 264 VAC
- ♦ Continuous short circuit protection
- ♦ Over voltage protection
- ♦ LED indicator for power on
- ♦ 2-pin AC inlet (IEC 320-C8) for country-specific power cord



### Power cords

Two different power cords are supplied:

- ♦ Power cord with type C plug (Europlug)
- ♦ Power cord with type A plug (NEMA-1)

If a different plug type is needed, please purchase a suitable power cord from your local supplier.

### 3.5. Relay Contacts

#### 3.5.1 Input

**Note:** Use only potential-free (dry) contacts.

Terminals 13/14

For programming see menu [5.3.4, p. 63](#).

#### 3.5.2 Alarm Relay

**Note:** Max. load 1 A / 250 VAC

Alarm output for system errors.

Error codes see [Error List, p. 38](#)

Programming see menu [5.3.1, p. 57](#)

**Note:** With certain alarms and certain settings of the AMI transmitter the alarm relay does not switch. The error, however, is shown on the display.

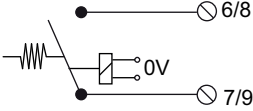
	Terminals	Description	Relay connection
<b>NC</b> <sup>1)</sup> Normally Closed	5/4	Active (opened) during normal operation. Inactive (closed) on error and loss of power.	
<b>NO</b> Normally Open	5/3	Active (closed) during normal operation. Inactive (opened) on error and loss of power.	

1) usual use

3.5.3 Relay Contacts 1 and 2

**Note:** Rated load 100 mA / 50 V

For programming see Menu Installation [5.3.2](#) and [5.3.3](#), p. 59

	Terminals	Description	Relay connection
<b>NO</b> Normally Open	6/7: Relay 1 8/9: Relay 2	Inactive (opened) during normal operation and loss of power. Active (closed) when a pro-grammed function is executed.	

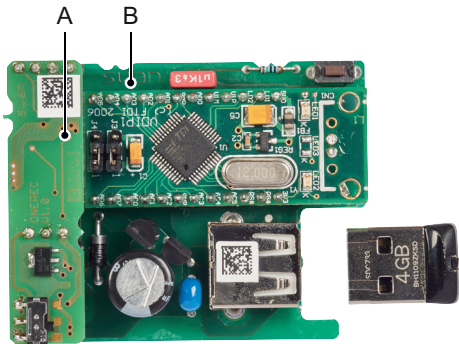
3.6. Signal Output

The signal output 0/4–20 mA PCB is plugged onto the USB interface PCB.

**Note:** Max. burden 510 Ω.

Terminals 16 (+) and 15 (-).

For programming see menu [5.2 Signal Outputs](#), p. 52.



**A** Signal output 0/4–20 mA PCB  
**B** USB interface

## 4. Instrument Setup

- Switch on the instrument**
- 1 Open the flow regulating valve.
  - 2 Switch the instrument ON using the toggle switch of the battery.
  - 3 Check if the battery is fully charged.
  - 4 Adjust the flow to 10 l/h.  
⇒ *The actual flow is shown on the transmitter.*
  - 5 Let the instrument run-in for 1 h.

### 4.1. Programming

**Sensor parameters** Program all sensor parameters in Menu 5.1.2, <Installation> <Sensors> <Sensor parameters>:

Enter the:

- ♦ Cell constant [ $\text{cm}^{-1}$ ]
- ♦ Temperature correction in  $^{\circ}\text{C}$
- ♦ Cable length
- ♦ Temperature compensation

The sensor characteristics are printed on the label of each sensor.

87-344.203	UP-Con1000SL	Sensor type
SW-xx-xx-xx	ZK = 0.0417	Cell constant
SWAN AG	DT = 0.06 $^{\circ}\text{C}$	Temperature correction

**Cable length** Set the cable length to 0.0 m if the sensor is installed in the flow cell of the AMI INSPECTOR Pharmacon.

- Temp. Compensation** Menu 5.1.3  
Choose between:
- ♦ none
  - ♦ Coefficient
  - ♦ Neutral salts
  - ♦ High-purity water
  - ♦ Strong acids
  - ♦ Strong bases
  - ♦ Ammonia, Ethanolamine
  - ♦ Morpholine

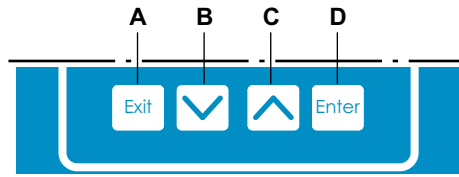
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<b>Measuring unit</b>	Menu 5.1.1.2 Set the <Measuring unit> according to your requirements: <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>♦ <math>\mu\text{S}/\text{cm}</math></li><li>♦ <math>\mu\text{S}/\text{m}</math></li></ul>
<b>External devices</b>	Program all parameters for external devices (interface, recorders, etc.) See program list and explanations <a href="#">5.2 Signal Outputs, p. 52</a> and <a href="#">4.2 Relay Contacts, p. 50</a> .
<b>Limits alarms</b>	Program all parameters for instrument operation (limits, alarms). See program list and explanations <a href="#">Program List and Explanations, p. 47</a> .



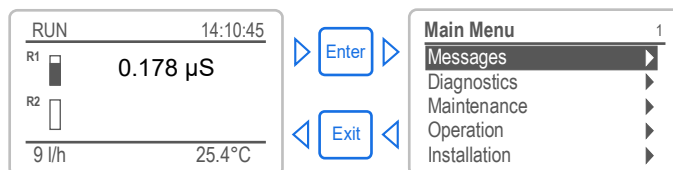
## 5. Operation

### 5.1. Keys

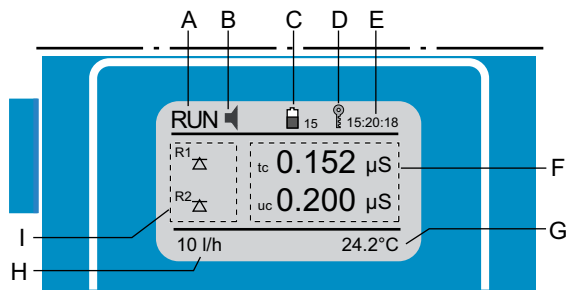


- A** to exit a menu or command (rejecting any changes)  
to move back to the previous menu level
- B** to move DOWN in a menu list and to decrease digits
- C** to move UP in a menu list and to increase digits
- D** to open a selected sub-menu  
to accept an entry

#### Program Access, Exit



## 5.2. Display



- A** RUN normal operation  
 HOLD input closed or cal delay: Instrument on hold (shows status of signal outputs).  
 OFF input closed: control/limit is interrupted (shows status of signal outputs).
- B** ERROR Error Fatal error
- C** Battery status (remaining operating time in h)
- D** Keys locked, transmitter control via Profibus
- E** Time
- F** Process values
- G** Sample temperature
- H** Sample flow
- I** Relay status

### Relay status, symbols

- upper/lower limit not yet reached  
 upper/lower limit reached  
 control upw./downw. no action  
 control upw./downw. active, dark bar indicates control intensity  
 motor valve closed  
 motor valve: open, dark bar indicates approx. position  
 timer  
 timer: timing active (hand rotating)

### 5.3. Software Structure

<b>Main Menu</b>	<b>1</b>
Messages	▶
Diagnostics	▶
Maintenance	▶
Operation	▶
Installation	▶

<b>Messages</b>	<b>1.1</b>
Pending Errors	▶
Message List	▶

#### Menu Messages 1

Reveals pending errors as well as an event history (time and state of events that have occurred at an earlier point of time).  
It contains user relevant data.

<b>Diagnostics</b>	<b>2.1</b>
Identification	▶
Sensors	▶
Sample	▶
I/O State	▶
Interface	▶

#### Menu Diagnostics 2

Provides user relevant instrument and sample data.

<b>Maintenance</b>	<b>3.1</b>
Simulation	▶
Set Time 23.09.06 16:30:00	
Transmitter checkoff	
.....	
Fine adjust	▶

#### Menu Maintenance 3

For instrument calibration, relay and signal output simulation, and to set the instrument time.  
It is used by the service personnel.

<b>Operation</b>	<b>4.1</b>
Sensors	▶
Relay Contacts	▶
Logger	▶

#### Menu Operation 4

User relevant parameters that might need to be modified during daily routine. Normally password protected and used by the process-operator.  
Subset of menu 5 - Installation, but process-related.

<b>Installation</b>	<b>5.1</b>
Sensors	▶
Signal Outputs	▶
Relay Contacts	▶
Miscellaneous	▶
Interface	▶

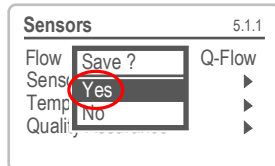
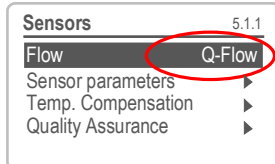
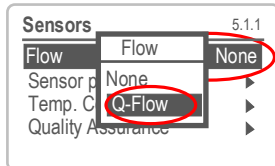
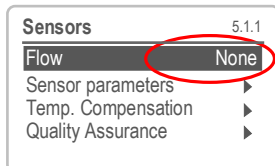
#### Menu Installation 5

For initial instrument set up by SWAN authorized person, to set all instrument parameters. Can be protected by means of password.

## 5.4. Changing Parameters and Values

### Changing parameters

The following example shows how to set the Q-Flow sensor:



- 1 Select the parameter you want to change.
- 2 Press [Enter].
- 3 Press [▲] or [▼] key to highlight the required parameter.
- 4 Press [Enter] to confirm the selection or [Exit] to keep the previous parameter.

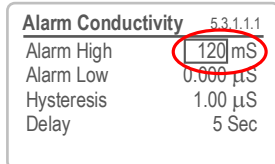
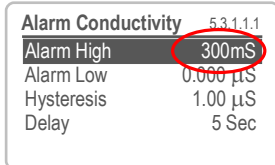
⇒ The selected parameter is indicated but not saved yet.

- 5 Press [Exit].

⇒ Yes is highlighted.

- 6 Press [Enter] to save the new parameter.  
⇒ The system reboots, the new parameter is set.

### Changing values



- 1 Select the value you want to change.
- 2 Press [Enter].
- 3 Set required value with [▲] or [▼] key.
- 4 Press [Enter] to confirm the new value.
- 5 Press [Exit].  
⇒ Yes is highlighted.
- 6 Press [Enter] to save the new value.

## **6. Maintenance**

### **6.1. Maintenance Schedule**

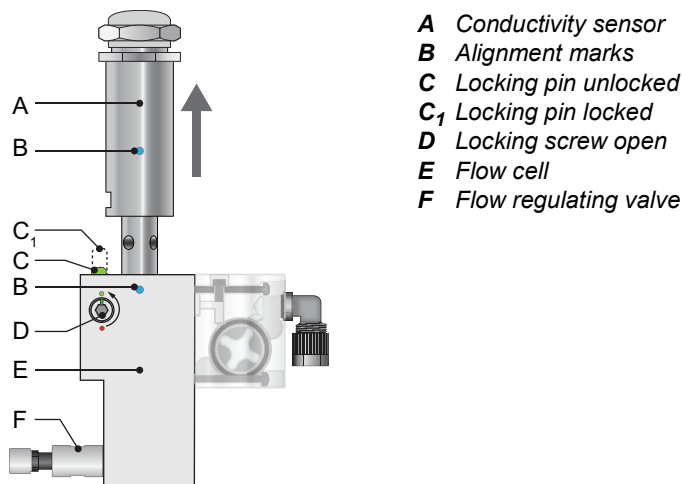
<b>Monthly</b>	Check sample flow
<b>As required</b>	Clean conductivity sensor
<b>Yearly</b>	According to USP<645>

### **6.2. Stop of Operation for Maintenance**

- 1** Stop sample flow.
- 2** Shut off power of the instrument.



### 6.3. Maintenance of the Sensor



#### Remove the Sensor from the Flow Cell

To remove the sensor from the flow cell proceed as follows:

- 1 Close the flow regulating valve [F].
- 2 Press the locking pin [C<sub>1</sub>] down.
- 3 Turn the locking screw [D] with a 5 mm allen key counterclockwise 180°.
 

⇒ *The locking pin remains down.*
- 4 Remove the sensor.

#### Cleaning

If the sensor is slightly contaminated, clean it with soapy water and a pipe cleaner. If the sensor is strongly contaminated, dip the tip of the sensor into 5% hydrochloric acid for a short time.

#### Install the Sensor into the Flow Cell

- 1 Make sure that the locking mechanism is in unlocked position (locking pin in position [C]).
- 2 Put the sensor into the flow cell with the alignment marks [B] in line.
- 3 Turn the locking screw with a 5 mm allen key clockwise 180°.
 

⇒ *The locking pin moves up in lock position [C<sub>1</sub>].*

## **6.4. Alarm function according USP<645>**

- |          |  |
|----------|--|
| Display  | Set the display to show all available conductivity values, i.e: <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>♦ tc: Temperature compensated conductivity</li><li>♦ uc: Uncompensated conductivity</li><li>♦ usp: Conductivity Limit at given temperature</li></ul> |
| Setpoint | Setpoint of the USP limit can be modified from 100% to 20%.<br><Installation>/<Sensors>/<USP parameters>.<br>If the programmed limit is overstepped error E015 will be issued.   |



## 6.5. Quality Assurance of the Instrument

Every Swan on-line instrument is equipped with integrated, autonomous quality assurance functions to survey the plausibility of each measurement.

For AMI INSPECTOR Pharmacon these are:

- ♦ continuous monitoring of the temperature inside the transmitter case.
- ♦ periodic accuracy test with ultra high precision resistors

In addition, a manual, menu-driven inspection procedure can be carried out using a certified reference instrument. After activating the quality assurance procedure by setting the quality assurance level, the instrument periodically reminds the user to perform the procedure and the results are stored in a history for review.

### Quality assurance level

Central feature of the quality assurance function is the assignment of the monitored process to a quality assurance level.

There are three predefined levels plus a user level. Hereby the inspection interval, the deviation limits of temperature and measuring result between the inspection equipment and the monitoring instrument are defined.

- ♦ Level 1: **Trend**

Measurement is used as an additional information to follow the process indicating trends.

- ♦ Level 2: **Standard**

Monitoring of several parameters of a process (e.g. temperature, TOC, etc.). In case of instrument failure, other parameters can be used for process monitoring.

- ♦ Level 3: **Crucial**

Monitoring of critical processes, value is used for control of another part or subsystem (acceptance, dosing, etc.).

Additional level:

- ♦ Quality level 4: **User**

User-defined inspection interval, maximum deviation of temperature and measuring result.



Limits and intervals:

Quality level	max. deviation temperature [°C] <sup>a)</sup>	max. deviation result [%]	min. inspection interval
<b>0: Off</b>	<b>off</b>	<b>off</b>	off
<b>1: Trend</b>	<b>0.5 °C</b>	<b>10.0 %</b>	annual
<b>2: Standard</b>	<b>0.4 °C</b>	<b>5.0 %</b>	quarterly
<b>3: Crucial</b>	<b>0.3 °C</b>	<b>3.0 %</b>	monthly
<b>4: User</b>	<b>0–2.0 °C</b>	<b>0–20 %</b>	annual, quarterly, monthly, weekly

a) sample temperature must be 25 °C ±5 °C.

**Procedure** The standard workflow consists of the following steps:

- 1 Activation of Swan quality assurance procedure
- 2 Pre-test
- 3 Connecting instruments
- 4 Carrying out comparison measurement
- 5 Completion of the measurement

### 6.5.1 Activate Swan Quality Assurance Procedure

Enable quality assurance procedure on the process monitor(s) which shall be checked by selecting the quality level in menu 5.1.5.1. The corresponding submenus are then activated.

**Note:** The activation is necessary the first time only.

### 6.5.2 Pre-Test

- ♦ Reference instrument: AMI Inspector Pharmacon:
  - Check certificate; reference instrument certificate not older than one year.
  - Check battery; Battery of the AMI Inspector Pharmacon should be completely charged. Remaining operating time on display minimum 20 hours.
  - Disable temperature compensation (set to “none”)
- ♦ In-line instrument: Monitor AMI Pharmacon:
  - Good order and condition; Flow cell free of particles, Sensor surface free of deposits.
  - Check message list; Review the message list in menu 1.3 and check for frequently occurring alarms (as for example flow alarms). If alarms occur frequently remove cause before starting the procedure.

### 6.5.3 Connecting Sample Lines

See corresponding chapter in the manual of the process monitor which shall be checked.

The choice of sampling depends strongly on local conditions on site.

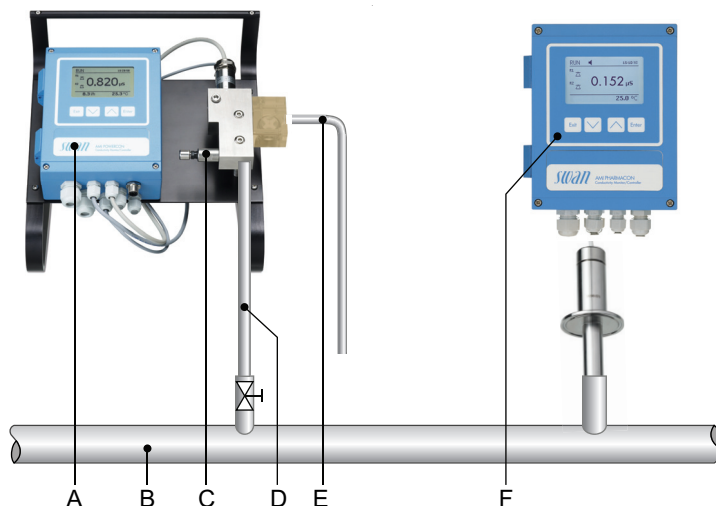
Possible sampling:

- ♦ via sample point,
- ♦ via T-fitting or
- ♦ via piggyback/downstream

**Note:**

- *avoid ingress of air, use screwed fitting,*
- *sample as near as possible to the process monitor,*
- *wait approx. 10 minutes, whilst measurement is running, until measurement value and temperature are stabilized.*

**Example** The reference instrument, AMI Inspector Pharmacon [A], is connected up-stream to the in-line sensor Pharmacon at a sampling point (grab sample) [D].



- |                                  |  |
|----------------------------------|--|
| <b>A</b> AMI Inspector Pharmacon | <b>D</b> Grab sample                         |
| <b>B</b> Sample line             | <b>E</b> Waste line                          |
| <b>C</b> Flow regulating valve   | <b>F</b> AMI INSPECTOR Pharmacon transmitter |

- 1 Connect the reference instrument to the sample line [B]. Use the supplied tube made of FEP. The connection must be leak-proof against fluids and air.
- 2 Connect sample outlet of the reference instrument AMI Inspector [D] to any waste.
- 3 Switch on AMI Inspector. Open the flow regulating valve of the AMI Inspector completely.
- 4 Start and regulate sample flow to 10 l/h. Run in time >15min.

### 6.5.4 Carry out Comparison Measurement

- 1 Navigate to menu <Maintenance>/<Quality Assurance>.
- 2 Follow the dialog on the display.

Quality Assurance	3.4.5
- carry out preparations	
- install Inspector	
- sample flow to 10 l/h	
-----	
<Enter> to continue	

Quality Assurance	3.4.5
Value Cond.	0.078 µS
Value Temp.	25 °C
Wait 10 Minutes	<div style="width: 100%;"></div>
-----	
<Enter> to continue	

Quality Assurance	3.4.5
Value Cond.	0.078 µS
Value Temp.	24.8 °C
Inspector Cond.	0.073 µS
Inspector Temp.	25 °C
-----	
<Enter> to continue	

Quality Assurance	3.4.5
Value Cond.	0.078 µS
Value Temp.	24.8 °C
Inspector Cond.	0.073 µS
Inspector Temp.	25 °C
-----	
<Enter> to continue	

Quality Assurance	3.4.5
Max. Dev. Cond	0.5 %
Max. Dev. Temp.	0.4 %
Dev. Cond	0.1 %
Dev. Temp.	0.16 %
-----	
QA-Check succesful	

- 3 Carry out pre test preparations.  
Connect instruments.  
Regulate sample flow to 10 l/h using the appropriate valve.
- 4 Wait 10 minutes whilst measurement is running.  
Press [Enter] to continue.
- 5 Read the µS value of the reference instrument and enter it in the "Inspector" field.  
Press [Enter] to confirm.
- 6 Read the temperature value of the reference instrument and enter it in the "Inspector Temp." field.  
Press [Enter] to confirm.  
Press [Enter] to continue.

⇒ The results are saved in QA history regardless if successful or not.

If the QA check is not successful, it is recommended to clean the sensor. If the QA check fails again, contact your local SWAN distributor for support.

### 6.5.5 Completion of the Measurement

- 1 Close flow regulating valve of the AMI Inspector.

- 2 Disconnect the AMI Inspector by removing the tubes.
- 3 Shut down the AMI Inspector.

## **6.6. Longer Stop of Operation**

- 1 Stop sample flow.
- 2 Shut off power of the instrument.
- 3 Unscrew and remove the sensor.
- 4 Empty and dry the flow cell.



## 7. Troubleshooting

### 7.1. Error List

#### Error

Non-fatal Error. Indicates an alarm if a programmed value is exceeded.

Such Errors are marked **E0xx** (bold and black).

#### Fatal Error (blinking symbol)

Control of dosing devices is interrupted.

The indicated measured values are possibly incorrect.

Fatal Errors are divided in the following two categories:

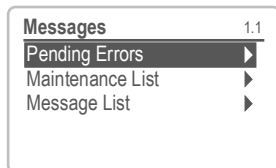
- ♦ Errors which disappear if correct measuring conditions are recovered (i.e. Sample Flow low).  
Such Errors are marked **E0xx** (bold and orange)
- ♦ Errors which indicate a hardware failure of the instrument.  
Such Errors are marked **E0xx** (bold and red)



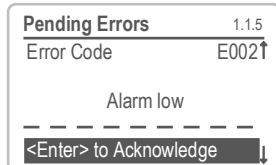
#### Error or fatal Error

Error not yet acknowledged.

Check **Pending Errors 1.1.5** and take corrective action.



Navigate to menu <Messages>/<Pending Errors>.



Press [ENTER] to acknowledge the Pending Errors.

⇒ *The error is reset and saved in the message list.*

Error	Description	Corrective action
<b>E001</b>	Cond. Alarm high	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– check process</li> <li>– check program value <a href="#">5.3.1.1.1, p. 57</a></li> </ul>
<b>E002</b>	Cond. Alarm low	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– check process</li> <li>– check program value <a href="#">5.3.1.1.25, p. 57</a></li> </ul>
<b>E007</b>	Sample Temp. high	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– check sample temperature</li> <li>– check program value <a href="#">5.3.1.3.1, p. 58</a></li> </ul>
<b>E008</b>	Sample Temp. low	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– check sample temperature</li> <li>– check program value <a href="#">5.3.1.3.25, p. 58</a></li> </ul>
<b>E009</b>	Sample Flow high	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– check Inlet pressure</li> <li>– readjust sample flow</li> <li>– check programmed value, see <a href="#">5.3.1.2.2, p. 58</a></li> </ul>
<b>E010</b>	Sample Flow low	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– check Inlet pressure</li> <li>– readjust sample flow</li> <li>– clean flow cell</li> <li>– check programmed value, see <a href="#">5.3.1.2.35, p. 58</a></li> </ul>
<b>E011</b>	Temp. shorted	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– check wiring of temperature sensor, see <a href="#">Connection Diagram, p. 18</a></li> <li>– check temperature sensor</li> </ul>
<b>E012</b>	Temp. disconnected	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– check wiring of temperature sensor, see <a href="#">Connection Diagram, p. 18</a></li> <li>– check temperature sensor</li> </ul>
<b>E013</b>	Case Temp. high	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– check case/environment temperature</li> <li>– check program value <a href="#">5.3.1.4, p. 58</a></li> </ul>
<b>E014</b>	Case Temp. low	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– check case/environment temperature</li> <li>– check program value <a href="#">5.3.1.5, p. 58</a></li> </ul>
<b>E015</b>	USP Error	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– Measured value above programmed USP limit (% setpoint), see <a href="#">5.1.2.2, p. 51</a></li> </ul>

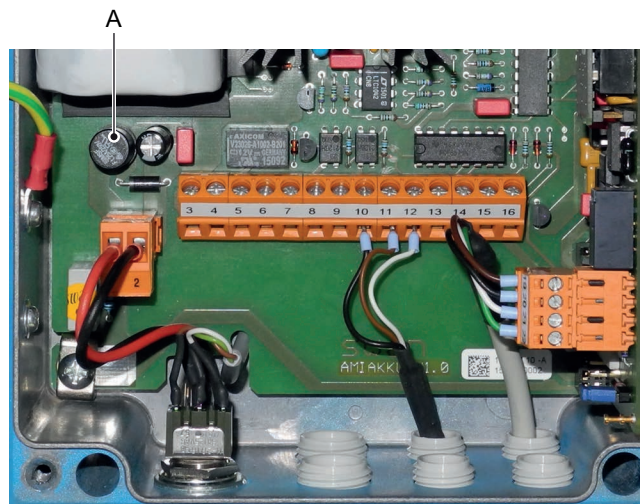
Error	Description	Corrective action
<b>E017</b>	Control Timeout	– check control device or programming in Installation, Relay contact, Relay 1/2 5.3.2 and 5.3.3, p. 59
<b>E024</b>	Input active	– See If Fault Yes is programmed in Menu 5.3.4, p. 63
<b>E026</b>	IC LM75	– call service
<b>E030</b>	EEprom Frontend	– call service
<b>E031</b>	Calibration Recout	– call service
<b>E032</b>	Wrong Frontend	– call service
<b>E033</b>	Power-on	– none, normal status
<b>E034</b>	Power-down	– none, normal status



## 7.2. Replacing Fuses

Find and repair the cause for the short circuit before replacing the fuse. Use tweezers or needle-nosed pliers to remove the defective fuse.

Use original fuses provided by SWAN only.



**A** 1.25 AF/250V Instrument power supply

## 8. Program Overview

For explanations about each parameter of the menus see [Program List and Explanations, p. 47](#).

- ♦ Menu 1 **Messages** informs about pending errors and maintenance tasks and shows the error history. Password protection possible. No settings can be modified.
- ♦ Menu 2 **Diagnostics** is always accessible for everybody. No password protection. No settings can be modified.
- ♦ Menu 3 **Maintenance** is for service: Calibration, simulation of outputs and set time/date. Please protect with password.
- ♦ Menu 4 **Operation** is for the user, allowing to set limits, alarm values, etc. The presetting is done in the menu Installation (only for the System engineer). Please protect with password.
- ♦ Menu 5 **Installation**: Defining assignment of all inputs and outputs, measuring parameters, interface, passwords, etc. Menu for the system engineer. Password strongly recommended.

### 8.1. Messages (Main Menu 1)

Pending Errors 1.1*	Pending Errors	1.1.5*	* Menu numbers
Message List 1.2*	Message List Number, Date, Time	1.2.1*	
Audit Trail 1.3*	Audit Trail Number, Date, Time	1.3.1*	

8.2. Diagnostics (Main Menu 2)

Identification	Designation	AMI Pharmacon	* Menu numbers
2.1*	Version	V6.00 - 12/15	
	Factory Test	Instrument	2.1.3.1*
	2.1.3*	Motherboard	
		Front End	
	Operating Time	Years / Days / Hours / Minutes / Seconds	2.1.4.1*
	2.1.4*		
Sensors	Cond. Sensor	Current Value	
2.2*	2.2.1*	(Raw value)	
		Cell Constant	
		Test History	Number
		2.2.1.4*	2.2.1.4.1*
			Date, Time
			Deviation Cond.
			Deviation Temp.
			Check successful
	Miscellaneous	Case Temp.	2.2.2.1*
	2.2.2*		
Sample	Sample ID	2.3.1*	
2.3*	Temperature		
	(Pt 1000)		
	Sample flow		
	(Raw value)		
I/O State	Alarm Relay	2.4.1*	
2.4*	Relay 1/2	2.4.2*	
	Input		
	Signal Output 3		
Interface	Protocol	2.5.1*	
2.5*			

8.3. Maintenance (Main Menu 3)

Transmitter Test	Mount Test	3.1.5*	* Menu numbers
3.1*	(Progress)		
Simulation	Alarm Relay	3.2.1*	
3.2*	Relay 1	3.2.2*	
	Relay 2	3.2.3*	
	Signal Output 3	3.2.4*	
Set Time	(Date), (Time)		
3.3*			

8.4. Operation (Main Menu 4)

Sensors	Filter Time Const.	4.1.1*		
4.1*	Hold after Cal.	4.1.2*		
Relay Contacts	Alarm Relay	Alarm Conductivity	Alarm High	4.2.1.1.1*
4.2*	4.2.1*	4.2.1.1*	Alarm Low	4.2.1.1.x*
			Hysteresis	4.2.1.1.x*
			Delay	4.2.1.1.x*
	Relay 1/2	Setpoint	4.2.x.x*	
	4.2.2* - 4.2.3*	Hysteresis	4.2.x.x*	
		Delay	4.2.x.x*	
	Input	Active	4.2.4.1*	
	4.2.4*	Signal Outputs	4.2.4.2*	
		Output / Control	4.2.4.3*	
		Fault	4.2.4.4*	
		Delay	4.2.4.5*	
Logger	Log Interval	4.3.1*		
4.3*	Clear Logger	4.3.2*		
Display	Screen 1	Row 1/2/3	4.4.1.x*	
4.4*	4.4.1*			
	Screen 2	Row 1/2/3	4.4.2.x*	
	4.4.2*			

8.5. Installation (Main Menu 5)

Sensors	Flow	5.1.1*	* Menu numbers	
5.1*	USP parameters	Operating Mode	5.1.2.1*	
	5.1.2*	Limit	5.1.2.2*	
	Sensor parameters	Cell Constant	5.1.3.1*	
	5.1.3*	Temp. Corr.	5.1.3.2*	
		Cable length	5.1.3.3*	
		Meas. unit	5.1.3.4*	
	Temp. Compensation	Comp.	5.1.4.1*	
	5.1.4*			
Signal Outputs	Signal Output 3	Parameter	5.2.1.1*	
5.2*	5.2.1*	Current Loop	5.2.1.2*	
		Function	5.2.1.3*	
		Scaling	Range Low	5.2.x.40.x*
		5.2.x.40	Range High	5.2.x.40.x*
Relay Contacts	Alarm Relay	Alarm Conductivity	Alarm High	5.3.1.1.1*
5.3*	5.3.1*	5.3.1.1*	Alarm Low	5.3.1.1.x*
			Hysteresis	5.3.1.1.x*
			Delay	5.3.1.1.x*
		Sample Flow	Flow Alarm	5.3.1.2.1*
		5.3.1.2*	Alarm High	5.3.1.2.x*
			Alarm Low	5.3.1.2.x*
		Sample Temp.	Alarm High	5.3.1.3.1*
		5.3.1.3*	Alarm Low	5.3.1.3.x*
		Case Temp. high	5.3.1.4*	
		Case Temp. low	5.3.1.5*	
	Relay 1/2	Function	5.3.2.1* - 5.3.3.1*	
	5.3.2* - 5.3.3*	Parameter	5.3.2.x* - 5.3.3.x*	
		Setpoint	5.3.2.x* - 5.3.3.x*	
		Hysteresis	5.3.2.x* - 5.3.3.x*	
		Delay	5.3.2.x* - 5.3.3.x*	
	Input	Active	5.3.4.1*	
	5.3.4*	Signal Outputs	5.3.4.2*	
		Output/Control	5.3.4.3*	
		Fault	5.3.4.4*	
		Delay	5.3.4.5*	

Miscellaneous 5.4*	Language	5.4.1*	* Menu numbers	
	Set defaults	5.4.2*		
	Load Firmware	5.4.3*		
	Access	Administrator	Name	
	5.4.4*	5.4.4.1*	Function	
			Password	5.4.4.1.3*
		User 1	Name	5.4.4.2.1*
		5.4.4.2*	Function	5.4.4.2.2*
			Password	5.4.4.2.3*
		User 2	Name	5.4.4.3.1*
Interface 5.5*		5.4.4.3*	Function	5.4.4.3.2*
			Password	5.4.4.3.3*
		User 3	Name	5.4.4.4.1*
		5.4.4.4*	Function	5.4.4.4.2*
			Password	5.4.4.4.3*
		User 4	Name	5.4.4.5.1*
		5.4.4.5*	Function	5.4.4.5.2*
			Password	5.4.4.5.3*
	Sample ID	5.4.5		
	Protocol	5.5.1*		

## 9. Program List and Explanations

### 1 Messages

#### 1.1 Pending Errors

- 1.1.5 Provides the list of active errors with their status (active, acknowledged). If an active error is acknowledged, the alarm relay is active again. Cleared errors are moved to the Message list.

#### 1.2 Message List

- 1.2.1 Shows the error history: Error code, date / time of issue and status (active, acknowledged, cleared). 64 errors are memorized. Then the oldest error is cleared to save the newest error (circular buffer).

#### 1.3 Audit Trail

- 1.4 Shows the audit trail: event, menu, date and time of issue. 96 events are memorized. Then the oldest events is cleared to save the newest error (circular buffer).

### 2 Diagnostics

In diagnostics mode, the values can only be viewed, not modified.

#### 2.1 Identification

**Designation:** View the Designation of instrument.

**Version:** Firmware of instrument (e.g. V6.00-12/15)

- 2.1.3 **Factory Test:** Test date of the instrument, motherboard and frontend quality control factory test.

- 2.1.4 **Operating Time:** Years / Days / Hours / Minutes / Seconds

#### 2.2 Sensors

- 2.2.1 **Cond. Sensor:**

o *Current value:* Current conductivity value en  $\mu\text{S}$ .

(*Raw value*): Uncompensated current conductivity value en  $\mu\text{S}$ .

o *Cell Constant*

- 2.2.1.4    **Test History:** Shows the transmitter test values
  - o *Number*
  - o *Date, Time*
  - o *Deviation Conductivity*
  - o *Deviation Temperature*
  - o *Test Result*compared to the high precision test resistors.
- 2.2.2    **Miscellaneous:**
- 2.2.2.1    *Case Temp:* Shows the actual temperature in °C inside the transmitter.

2.3 Sample

- 2.3.1    o *Sample ID:*  
Shows the identification assigned to a sample. This identification is defined by the user to identify the location of the sample.
- o *Temperature:* Shows the current sample temperature in °C.  
*(Pt 1000):* Shows the current temperature in Ohm.
- o *Sample Flow:* Shows the current sample flow in l/h  
*(Raw Value)* in Hz.

2.4 I/O State

Shows current status of all in- and outputs.

- 2.4.1/2.4.2    *Alarm Relay:*                      Active or inactive
- Relay 1 and 2:*                Active or inactive
- Input:*                            Open or closed.
- Signal Output 3:*            Actual current in mA

2.5 Interface

Protocol USB Stick.



### 3 Maintenance

#### 3.1 Transmitter Test

Not applicable.

#### 3.2 Simulation

To simulate a value or a relay state, select the

- ♦ alarm relay,
- ♦ relay 1 and 2
- ♦ signal output 3 (signal outputs 1 and 2 are deactivated)

with the [▲] or [▼] key.

Press the [Enter] key.

Change the value or state of the selected item with the [▲] or [▼] key.

Press the [Enter] key.

⇒ *The value is simulated by the relay/signal output.*

3.2.1	<i>Alarm Relay:</i>	Active or inactive.
3.2.2	<i>Relay 1:</i>	Active or inactive.
3.2.3	<i>Relay 2</i>	Active or inactive.
3.2.4	<i>Signal Output 3:</i>	Actual current in mA

At the absence of any key activities, the instrument will switch back to normal mode after 20 min. If you quit the menu, all simulated values will be reset.

#### 3.3 Set Time

Adjust date and time.

## 4 Operation

### 4.1 Sensors

- 4.1.1 *Filter Time Constant:* Used to damp noisy signals. The higher the filter time constant, the slower the system reacts to changes of the measured value.  
Range: 5 - 300 Sec
- 4.1.2 *Hold after Cal:* Delay permitting the instrument to stabilize again after calibration. During calibration- plus hold-time, the signal outputs are frozen (held on last valid value), alarm values, limits are not active.  
Range: 5 - 6'000 Sec

### 4.2 Relay Contacts

See [5.3 Relay Contacts](#), p. 57.

### 4.3 Logger

The instrument is equipped with an internal logger. The data can be copied to a PC with the installed USB stick.  
The logger can save approx. 1500 data records. Records consists of: Date, time, alarms, measured value, measured value uncompensated, temperature, flow.

- 4.3.1 *Log Interval:* Select a convenient log interval. Consult the table below to estimate the max logging time. When the login buffer is full, the oldest data record is erased to make room for the newest one. (circular buffer)  
Range: 1 Second–1 hour

Interval	1 s	5 s	1 min	5 min	10 min	30 min	1 h
Time	25 min	2 h	25 h	5 d	10 d	31 d	62 d

- 4.3.2 *Clear Logger:* If confirmed with **yes**, the complete logger data is deleted. A new data series is started.
- 4.3.3 *Eject USB Stick:* With this function all logger data are copied to the USB stick before the USB stick is deactivated.

## 4.4 Display

Process values are displayed on two screens. Toggle screens with the [▲] key. Each screen displays max. 3 process values.

### 4.4.1 Screen 1

4.4.1.1 *Row 1*

4.4.1.2 *Row 2*

4.4.1.3 *Row 3*

Possible settings for all rows are:

- ◆ None
- ◆ Conductivity compensated (tc)
- ◆ Conductivity uncompensated (uc)
- ◆ USP conductivity alarm (usp)

### 4.4.2 Screen 2

Same as screen 1.

## 5 Installation

### 5.1 Sensors

5.1.1 Flow:

Flow
None
Q-Flow

Sample flow measurement deactivated.

Sample flow measurement activated.

Select "Q-Flow" if the sample flow should be monitored and shown on the display and when using a SWAN QV-flow cell.

**5.1.2 USP parameter:** Alarm (E015) according to limits of USP <645>.

5.1.2.1 *Operating Mode:*

Operating Mode
off
on

USP-Modus deactivated.

USP-Modus activated

5.1.2.2 *Limit:* Possibility to lower the official USP limits in % of the USP values.  
 Range: 20–100%

**5.1.3 Sensor parameters:**

5.1.3.1 *Cell Constant:* Enter the cell constant (ZK). It is printed on the label of the used sensor.  
 Range: 0.005000–11.00 cm<sup>-1</sup>

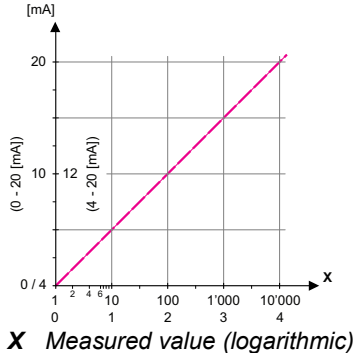
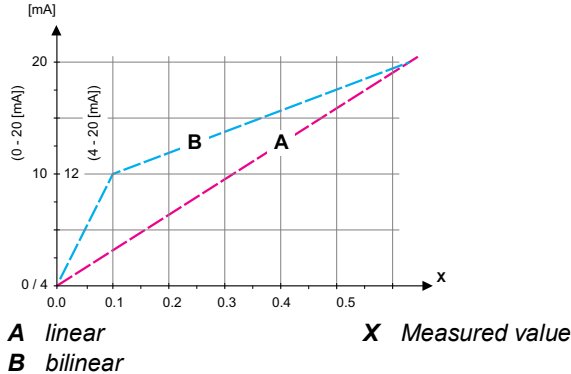
5.1.3.2 *Temperature Correction:* Enter the temperature correction (DT). It is printed on the label of the used sensor.  
 Range: -1.00 to +1.00 °C

- 5.1.3.3 *Cable length*: Enter the cable length  
Range: 0.0–30.0 m
- 5.1.3.4 *Measuring unit*: Select measuring unit.  
Available values:  $\mu\text{S}/\text{cm}$  or  $\mu\text{S}/\text{m}$
- 5.1.4 Temp. Compensation:**
  - 5.1.4.1 *Comp.*: Available compensation models are:
    - ◆ none
    - ◆ Coefficient
    - ◆ Neutral salts
    - ◆ High purity water
    - ◆ Strong acids
    - ◆ Strong bases
    - ◆ Ammonia, Eth.am.
    - ◆ Morpholine
- 5.1.5 Quality Assurance:**  
Not applicable.

## 5.2 Signal Outputs

- 5.2.1 Signal Output 3 (signal outputs 1 and 2 are deactivated):**
  - 5.2.1.1 *Parameter*: Assign one of the process values to the signal output.  
Available values:
    - ◆ Conductivity
    - ◆ Temperature
    - ◆ Sample flow
    - ◆ Cond. uc
  - 5.2.1.2 *Current Loop*: Select the current range of the signal output.  
Make sure the connected device works with the same current range.  
Available ranges: 0–20 mA or 4–20 mA
  - 5.2.1.3 *Function*: Define if the signal output is used to transmit a process value or to drive a control unit. Available functions are:
    - ◆ Linear, bilinear or logarithmic for process values.  
See [As process values, p. 53](#)
    - ◆ Control upwards or control downwards for controllers.  
See [As control output, p. 54](#)

**As process values**      The process value can be represented in 3 ways: linear, bilinear or logarithmic. See graphs below.



**5.2.1.40      Scaling:** Enter beginning and end point (Range low & high) of the linear or logarithmic scale. In addition, the midpoint for the bilinear scale.

Parameter Conductivity:

5.2.1.40.10      Range low: 0  $\mu$ S–300 mS

5.2.1.40.20      Range high: 0  $\mu$ S–300 mS

- Parameter Temperature  
 5.2.1.40.11 Range low: -25 to +270 °C  
 5.2.1.40.21 Range high: -25 to +270 °C

- Parameter Sample flow  
 5.2.1.40.12 Range low: 0 –50 l/h  
 5.2.1.40.22 Range high: 0 –50 l/h

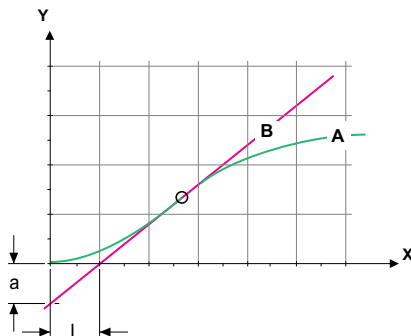
- Parameter Cond. uc:  
 5.2.1.40.13 Range low: 0 µS–300 mS  
 5.2.1.40.23 Range high: 0 µS–300 mS

**As control  
 output**

Signal outputs can be used for driving control units. We distinguish different kinds of controls:

- ♦ *P-controller*: The controller action is proportional to the deviation from the setpoint. The controller is characterized by the P-Band. In the steady-state, the setpoint will never be reached. The deviation is called steady-state error.  
 Parameters: setpoint, P-Band
- ♦ *PI-controller*: The combination of a P-controller with an I-controller will minimize the steady-state error. If the reset time is set to zero, the I-controller is switched off.  
 Parameters: setpoint, P-Band, reset time.
- ♦ *PD-controller*: The combination of a P-controller with a D-controller will minimize the response time to a fast change of the process value. If the derivative time is set to zero, the D-controller is switched off.  
 Parameters: setpoint, P-Band, derivative time.
- ♦ *PID-controller*: The combination of a P-, an I - and a D-controller allows a proper control of the process.  
 Parameters: setpoint, P-Band, reset time, derivative time.

Ziegler-Nichols method for the optimization of a PID controller:  
**Parameters:** Setpoint, P-Band, Reset time, Derivative time



**A** Response to maximum control output  $X_p = 1.2/a$   
**B** Tangent on the inflection point  $T_n = 2L$   
**X** Time  $T_v = L/2$

The point of intersection of the tangent with the respective axis will result in the parameters a and L.

Consult the manual of the control unit for connecting and programming details. Choose control upwards or downwards.

### Control upwards or downwards

**Setpoint:** User-defined process value for the selected parameter.

**P-Band:** Range below (upwards control) or above (downwards control) the set-point, within the dosing intensity is reduced from 100% to 0% to reach the setpoint without overshooting.

- 5.2.1.43 Control Parameters:** if Parameters = Conductivity
- 5.2.1.43.10 Setpoint  
Range: 0  $\mu$ S–300 mS
- 5.2.1.43.20 P-Band:  
Range: 0  $\mu$ S–300 mS
- 5.2.1.43 Control Parameters:** if Parameters = Temperature
- 5.2.1.43.11 Setpoint  
Range: -25 to +270 °C
- 5.2.1.43.21 P-Band:  
Range: 0 to +100 °C

- 5.2.1.43 Control Parameters:** if Parameters = Sample flow
- 5.2.1.43.12 Setpoint  
Range: 0 –50 l/h
- 5.2.1.43.22 P-Band:  
Range: 0 –50 l/h
- 5.2.1.43 Control Parameters:** if Parameters = Cond. uc.
- 5.2.1.43.13 Setpoint  
Range: 0  $\mu$ S–300 mS
- 5.2.1.43.23 P-Band:  
Range: 0  $\mu$ S–300 mS
- 5.2.1.43.3 *Reset time:* The reset time is the time till the step response of a single I-controller will reach the same value as it will be suddenly reached by a P-controller.  
Range: 0–9'000 sec
- 5.2.1.43.4 *Derivative time:* The derivative time is the time till the ramp response of a single P-controller will reach the same value as it will be suddenly reached by a D-controller.  
Range: 0–9'000 sec
- 5.2.1.43.5 *Control timeout:* If a controller action (dosing intensity) is constantly over 90% during a defined period of time and the process value does not come closer to the setpoint, the dosing process will be stopped for safety reasons.  
Range: 0–720 min



## 5.3 Relay Contacts

- 5.3.1 Alarm Relay:** The alarm relay is used as cumulative error indicator. Under normal operating conditions the contact is active.

The contact is inactive at:

- ♦ Power loss
- ♦ Detection of system faults like defective sensors or electronic parts
- ♦ High case temperature
- ♦ Process values out of programmed ranges.

Program alarm levels, hysteresis values and delay times for the following parameters:

- ♦ Alarm Conductivity
- ♦ Sample Flow
- ♦ Sample Temp.
- ♦ Case Temp. high
- ♦ Case Temp. low

### **5.3.1.1 Alarm Conductivity**

- 5.3.1.1.1 *Alarm High:* If the measured value rises above the alarm high value, the alarm relay is activated and E001, is displayed in the message list.

Range: 0  $\mu$ S–300 mS

- 5.3.1.1.25 *Alarm Low:* If the measured value falls below the alarm low value, the alarm relay is activated and E002 is displayed in the message list.

Range: 0  $\mu$ S–300 mS

- 5.3.1.1.35 *Hysteresis:* Within the hyst. range, the relay does not switch. This prevents damage of relays contacts when the measured value fluctuates around the alarm value.

Range: 0  $\mu$ S–300 mS

- 5.3.1.1.45 *Delay:* Duration, the activation of the alarm relay is retarded after the measuring value has risen above/fallen below the programmed alarm.

Range: 0–28'800 Sec

**5.3.1.2 Sample Flow:** Define at which sample flow an alarm should be issued.

5.3.1.2.1 *Flow Alarm:* Program if the alarm relay should be activated if there is a flow alarm. Choose between yes or no. The flow alarm will always be indicated in the display, pending error list, saved in the message list and the logger.

Available values: Yes or no

**Note:** *Sufficient flow is essential for a correct measurement. We recommend to program yes.*

5.3.1.2.2 *Alarm High:* If the measuring values rises above the programmed value E009 will be issued.

Range: 10–50 l/h

5.3.1.2.35 *Alarm Low:* If the measuring values falls below the programmed value E010 will be issued.

Range: 0–9 l/h

**5.3.1.3 Sample Temp.**

5.3.1.3.1 *Alarm High:* If the measured value rises above the alarm high value, the alarm relay is activated and E007, is displayed in the message list.

Range: 30–200 °C

5.3.1.3.25 *Alarm Low:* If the measured value falls below the alarm low value, the alarm relay is activated and E008 is displayed in the message list.

Range: -10 to + 20 °C

5.3.1.4 Case Temp. high

*Alarm high:* Set the alarm high value for temperature of electronics housing. If the value rises above the programmed value E013 is issued.

Range: 30–75 °C

5.3.1.5 Case Temp. low

*Alarm low:* Set the alarm low value for temperature of electronics housing. If the value falls below the programmed value E014 is issued.

Range: -10 to +20 °C

**5.3.2 and 5.3.3 Relay 1 and 2:** The function of relay contacts 1 or 2 is defined by the user.

**Note:** *The navigation in the menu <Relay 1> and <Relay 2> is identical. For reason of simplicity only the menu numbers of Relay 1 are used in the following.*

- 1** First select the functions as:
  - Limit upper/lower,
  - Control upwards/downwards,
  - Timer
  - Fieldbus
- 2** Then enter the necessary data depending on the selected function.

**5.3.2.1 Function = Limit upper/lower:**

If the relays are used as upper or lower limit switches, program the following:

5.3.2.20 *Parameter:* select a process value

5.3.2.300 *Setpoint:* If the measured value rises above respectively falls below the set-point, the relay is activated.

Parameter	Range
Conductivity	0 µS–300 mS
Temperature	-25 to +270 °C
Sample flow	0–50 l/h
Cond. uc	0 µS–300 mS

5.3.2.400 *Hysteresis:* within the hysteresis range, the relay does not switch. This prevents damage of relay contacts when the measured value fluctuates around the alarm value.

Parameter	Range
Conductivity	0 µS–300 mS
Temperature	0 to +100 °C
Sample flow	0–50 l/h
Cond. uc	0 µS–300 mS

5.3.2.50 *Delay:* Duration, the activation of the alarm relay is retarded after the measuring value has risen above or fallen below the programmed alarm.  
Range. 0–600 Sec

5.3.2.1 Function = Control upwards/downwards:

If the relays are used to drive control units, program the following:

5.3.2.22 **Parameter:** Choose on of the following process values.

- ♦ Conductivity
- ♦ Temperature
- ♦ Sample Flow
- ♦ Cond. uc

5.3.2.32 **Settings:** Choose the respective actuator:

- ♦ Time proportional
- ♦ Frequency
- ♦ Motor valve

5.3.2.32.1 Actuator = Time proportional

Dosing is controlled by the operating time.

5.3.2.32.20 **Cycle time:** duration of one control cycle (on/off change).  
Range: 0–600 sec.

5.3.2.32.30 **Response time:** Minimal time the metering device needs to react.  
Range: 0–240 sec.

5.3.2.32.4 **Control Parameters**

Range for each Parameter same as [5.2.1.43, p. 55](#)

5.3.2.32.1 Actuator = Frequency

Dosing is controlled by the repetition speed of dosing shots.

5.3.2.32.21 **Pulse frequency:** Max. pulses per minute the device is able to respond to. Range: 20–300/min.

5.3.2.32.31 **Control Parameters**

Range for each Parameter same as [5.2.1.43, p. 55](#)

5.3.2.32.1 Actuator = Motor valve

Dosing is controlled by the position of a motor driven mixing valve.

5.3.2.32.22 **Run time:** Time needed to open a completely closed valve  
Range: 5–300 Sec.

5.3.2.32.32 **Neutral zone:** Minimal response time in % of the runtime. If the requested dosing output is smaller than the response time, no change will take place.  
Range: 1–20 %

5.3.2.32.4 **Control Parameters**

Range for each Parameter same as [5.2.1.43, p. 55](#)

5.3.2.1 Function = Timer:

The relay will be activated repetitively depending on the programmed time scheme.

5.3.2.24 *Mode:* Operating mode (interval, daily, weekly)

5.3.2.24 *Interval*

5.3.2.340 *Interval:* The interval can be programmed within a range of 1–1440 min.

5.3.2.44 *Run Time:* Enter the time the relay stays active.  
Range: 5–32'400 sec.

5.3.2.54 *Delay:* during run time plus the delay time the signal and control outputs are held in the operating mode programmed below.  
Range: 0–6'000 sec.

5.3.2.6 *Signal Outputs:* Select operating mode of the signal output:

*Cont.:* Signal outputs continue to issue the measured value.

*Hold:* Signal outputs hold the last valid measured value.  
Measurement is interrupted. Errors, except fatal errors, are not issued.

*Off:* Signal outputs are switched off (set to 0 or 4 mA).  
Errors, except fatal errors, are not issued.

5.3.2.7 *Output/Control:* Select operating mode of the controller output:

*Cont.:* Controller continues normally.

*Hold:* Controller continues based on the last valid value.

*Off:* Controller is switched off.

5.3.2.24 *daily*

The relay contact can be activated daily, at any time of a day.

5.3.2.341 *Start time:* to set the start time proceed as follows:

- 1 Press [Enter], to set the hours.
- 2 Set the hour with the [ ▲ ] or [ ▼ ] keys.
- 3 Press [Enter], to set the minutes.
- 4 Set the minutes with the [ ▲ ] or [ ▼ ] keys.
- 5 Press [Enter], to set the seconds.
- 6 Set the seconds with the [ ▲ ] or [ ▼ ] keys.

Range: 00:00:00–23:59:59

5.3.2.44 *Run Time:* see Interval

5.3.2.54 *Delay:* see Interval

5.3.2.6 *Signal Outputs:* see Interval

5.3.2.7 *Output/Control:* see Interval

5.3.2.24 *weekly*

The relay contact can be activated at one or several days, of a week.  
The daily starting time is valid for all days.

**5.3.2.342 Calendar:**

5.3.2.342.1 *Start time:* The programmed start time is valid for each of the programmed days. To set the start time see [5.3.2.341](#), p. 62.

Range: 00:00:00–23:59:59

5.3.2.342.2 *Monday:* Possible settings, on or off  
to

5.3.2.342.8 *Sunday:* Possible settings, on or off

5.3.2.44 *Run Time:* see Interval

5.3.2.54 *Delay:* see Interval

5.3.2.6 *Signal Outputs:* see Interval

5.3.2.7 *Output/Control:* see Interval

5.3.2.1 Function = Fieldbus:

The relay will be switched via the Profibus input. No further parameters are needed.

- 5.3.4 Input:** The functions of the relays and signal outputs can be defined depending on the position of the input contact, i.e. no function, closed or open.
- 5.3.4.1 **Active:** Define when the input should be active:
- No:* Input is never active.
- When closed:* Input is active if the input relay is closed
- When open:* Input is active if the input relay is open
- 5.3.4.2 **Signal Outputs:** Select the operation mode of the signal outputs when the relay is active:
- Continuous:* Signal outputs continue to issue the measured value.
- Hold:* Signal outputs issue the last valid measured value. Measurement is interrupted. Errors, except fatal errors, are not issued.
- Off:* Set to 0 or 4 mA respectively. Errors, except fatal errors, are not issued.
- 5.3.4.3 **Output/Control:** (relay or signal output):
- Continuous:* Controller continues normally.
- Hold:* Controller continues on the last valid value.
- Off:* Controller is switched off.
- 5.3.4.4 **Fault:**
- No:* No message is issued in pending error list and the alarm relay does not close when input is active.
- Yes:* Message E024 is issued and stored in the message list. The Alarm relay closes when input is active.
- 5.3.4.5 **Delay:** Time which the instrument waits, after the input is deactivated, before returning to normal operation.  
Range: 0–6'000 Sec

## 5.4 Miscellaneous

- 5.4.1 **Language:** Set the desired language.  
Available settings: German /English/French/Spanish
- 5.4.2 **Set defaults:** Reset the instrument to factory default values in three different ways:
- ♦ **Calibration:** Sets calibration values back to default. All other values are kept in memory.
  - ♦ **In parts:** Communication parameters are kept in memory. All other values are set back to default values.
  - ♦ **Completely:** Sets back all values including communication parameters.
- 5.4.3 **Load Firmware:** Firmware updates should be done by instructed service personnel only.
- 5.4.4 **Access:** Select a password to prevent unauthorized access to the menus <Messages>, <Diagnostics>, <Maintenance>, <Operation> and <Installation>.

**Note:** *The password protection becomes active under the following conditions:*

- *Enter an administrator password different from <0000>.*
- *After defining the administrator password, users 1–4 are also automatically activated. The default password for all users is <1234>. If necessary, change the passwords.*

- 5.4.4.1 **Administrator:** The administrator owns all rights and has access to all menus. Only an administrator can assign user rights for the users 1 to 4.

Name:	Admin	predefined, not changeable
Function:	Administrator	predefined, not changeable

- 5.4.4.1.3 **Password:** The password is set to <0000> by default. If an administrator password different from <0000> is set, it is no longer possible to enter a menu without entering the password.  
If you have forgotten the administrator password, contact your nearest SWAN representative or the manufacturer.



**5.4.4.2 User 1**

5.4.4.2.1 *Name:* Enter the name of the user.

5.4.4.2.2 *Function:*

Function
Administrator
Service
Operator

Administrator: All rights

Service: Access to all menus except menu <Installation>

Operator: Access to the menus <Messages> and <Diagnostic>

**5.4.4.3 User 2**

see User 1

**5.4.4.4 User 3**

see User 1

**5.4.4.5 User 4**

see User 1

5.4.5 *Sample ID:* Identify the process value with any meaning full text, such as KKS number.

**5.5 Interface**

Select one of the following communication protocols. Depending on your selection, different parameters must be defined.

**5.5.1 Protocol: Profibus**

- 5.5.20 Device address: Range: 0–126
- 5.5.30 ID-Nr.: Range: Analyzer; Manufacturer; Multivariable
- 5.5.40 Local operation: Range: Enabled, Disabled

**5.5.1 Protocol: Modbus RTU**

- 5.5.21 Device address: Range: 0–126
- 5.5.31 Baud Rate: Range: 1200–115200 Baud
- 5.5.41 Parity: Range: none, even, odd

**5.5.1 Protocol: USB stick**

Only visible if an USB interface is installed. No further settings are possible.

## 10. Default Values

### Operation:

Sensors:	Filter Time Const.: .....	10 s
	Hold after Cal.: .....	300 s
Alarm Relay	.....	same as in Installation
Signal Output	.....	same as in Installation
Relay 1/2	.....	same as in Installation
Input	.....	same as in Installation
Logger:	Logger Interval: .....	30 min
	Clear Logger: .....	no
Display:	Screen 1 and 2; Row 1: .....	Cond comp. (tc)
	Screen 1 and 2; Row 2: .....	Cond uncomp. (uc)
	Screen 1 and 2; Row 3: .....	None

### Installation:

Sensor:	Flow: .....	None
	USP parameters: Operating Mode .....	off
	USP parameters: Limit: .....	100%
	Sensor parameters: Cell Constant: .....	0.04150 cm <sup>-1</sup>
	Sensor parameters: Temp. corr.: .....	0.00 °C
	Sensor parameters: Cable length: .....	0.0 m
	Sensor parameters: Meas. unit: .....	µS/cm
	Temp. Compensation: Comp. ....	none
	Quality Assurance: Level 0: .....	off
Signal Output 1	Parameter: .....	Conductivity
	Current loop: .....	4 –20 mA
	Function: .....	linear
	Scaling: Range low: .....	0.000 µS
	Scaling: Range high: .....	1 mS
Signal Output 2	Parameter: .....	Temperature
	Current loop: .....	4 –20 mA
	Function: .....	linear
	Scaling: Range low: .....	0 °C
	Scaling: Range high: .....	50 °C
Alarm Relay	Alarm Conductivity: Alarm high: .....	300 mS
	Alarm Conductivity: Alarm low: .....	0.000 µS
	Alarm Conductivity: Hysteresis: .....	1.00 µS
	Alarm Conductivity: Delay: .....	5 s

	Sample Flow: Flow Alarm: .....	yes
	Sample Flow: Alarm High: .....	20 l/h
	Sample Flow: Alarm Low: .....	5 l/h
	Sample Temp.: Alarm High: .....	160 °C
	Sample Temp.: Alarm Low: .....	0 °C
	Case temp. high: .....	65 °C
	Case temp. low: .....	0 °C
Relay 1 and 2	Function: .....	limit upper
	Parameter: .....	Conductivity
	Setpoint: .....	30 mS
	Hysteresis: .....	10 µS
	Delay: .....	30 s
	<b>If Function = Control upw. or dnw:</b>	
	Parameter: .....	Conductivity
	Settings: Actuator: .....	Frequency
	Settings: Pulse Frequency: .....	120/min
	Settings: Control Parameters: Setpoint: .....	30 mS
	Settings: Control Parameters: P-band: .....	10 µS
	Settings: Control Parameters: P-band: .....	1 mS
	Settings: Control Parameters: Reset time: .....	0 s
	Settings: Control Parameters: Derivative Time: .....	0 s
	Settings: Control Parameters: Control Timeout: .....	0 min
	Settings: Actuator: .....	Time proportional
	Cycle time: .....	60 s
	Response time: .....	10 s
	Settings: Actuator: .....	Motor valve
	Run time: .....	60 s
	Neutral zone: .....	5%
	<b>If Function = Timer:</b>	
	Mode: .....	Interval
	Interval: .....	1 min
	Mode: .....	daily
	Start time: .....	00.00.00
	Mode: .....	weekly
	Calendar; Start time: .....	00.00.00
	Calendar; Monday to Sunday: .....	Off
	Run time: .....	10 s
	Delay: .....	5 s
	Signal output: .....	cont
	Output/Control: .....	cont

Input:	Active.....	when closed
	Signal Outputs .....	hold
	Output/Control .....	off
	Fault.....	no
	Delay .....	10 s
Miscellaneous	Language:.....	English
	Set default: .....	no
	Load firmware:.....	no
	Access: Password: Administrator: .....	for all modes 0000
	Access: Password: User 1 ... 4.....	for all modes 1234
	Sample ID:.....	- - - - -
Interface	Protocol: .....	USB Stick

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